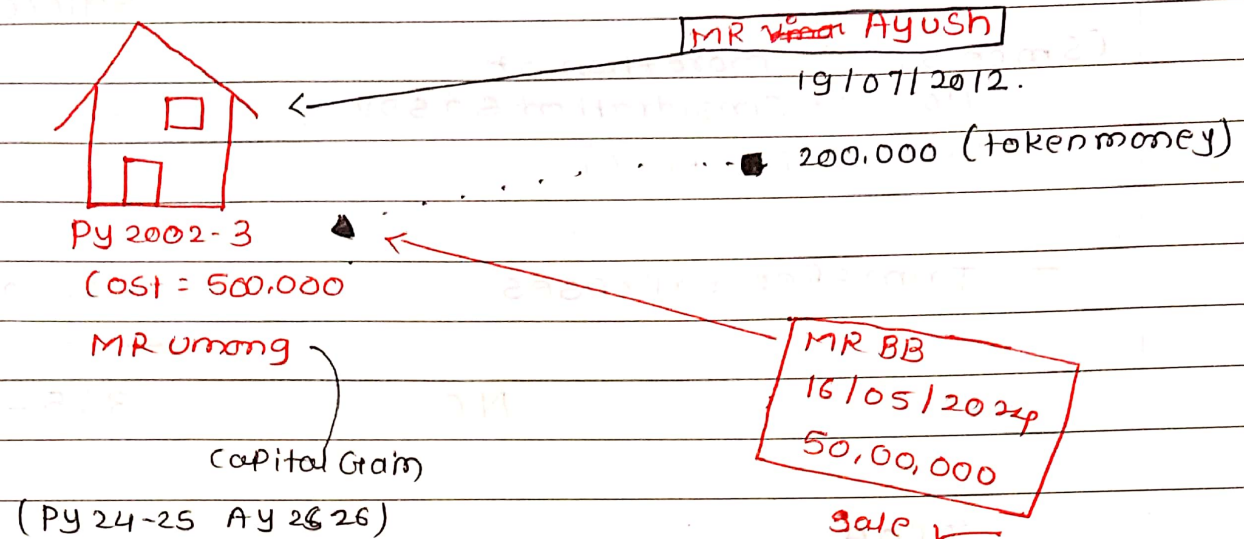


Special case NO: 2

Sec 51 : Advance money forfeited (Token money)



(Py 24-25 AY 26-26)

FVOC

50,00,000.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \text{JCOA } 500000 \times 105 \quad (2024-25) \quad (1037143) \\
 & (500000 - 200000) \quad (2002-2003) \\
 & \hline
 & 3962857
 \end{aligned}$$

2014

Sec 56(2)(ix) → IFOS.

If any Advance money forfeited before 1/4/14
then it's Should be reduce from

① Cost of Asset if asset acquired on or after
1/4/2001

② FMV as on 1/4/2001 (if Asset Acquired before
1/4/2001 & FMV as on 1/4/2001 > cost)

③ WDV (in case of depreciable assets)

Notes

- i) Advance money reduce before indexation.
- ii) Advance money forfeited by previous owner shall not be reduced

* Sec 56(2)(ix)

- If any advance money forfeited on after 1/4/2014 then it shall be taxable under income from other sources (IFOS) in the year of forfeiture.

ex:-

Mr. BABU acquired a house property in previous year 2001-2002 for ₹ 500,000. during the (py 7-8) he entered into for sale of property with Mr. Kaka & received advance of ₹ 120,000. Kaka did not remit the balance amt so BABU forfeited the advance in (py 7-8). again Mr. BABU entered into agreement for sale of Mr. Jomu on 10/4/2024 and received advance of ₹ 70,000. Mr. Jomu did not remit the balance amt so BABU forfeited the advance. finally Mr. BABU sold the property to Miss. Kiron for ₹ 10,00,000. on 22/07/2024 calculate Capital Gain in hands of BABU

MR. BABU

(PY 24-25 AY 25-26)

→ computation of capital Gain

	₹
FVOC	70,00,000
(-) Transfer exp	—
NC	70,00,000

- ICA

$(500000 - 120000)$	(1319400)
$380000 \times \frac{363}{100}$	
LTCG	5620,600

IFOS

(PY 24-25 AY 25-26)

Advance money forfeited. 70000

Note 1: Advance money forfeited before 1/4/2014 is ₹ 120000 shall be reduced from cost of Acq. due to sec 51.

Note 2: Advance money forfeited on or after 1/4/2014 shall be taxable under IFOS in the year of forfeiture, so, ₹ 70000 taxable under IFOS in (PY 24-25)

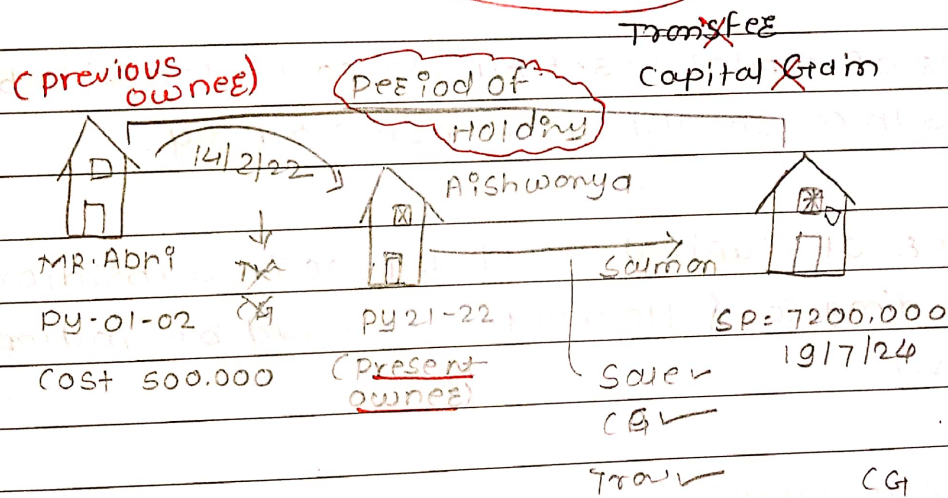
Special Case No: 3.

Sec 47: Following transaction not regarded as
Transfer. (exempt transfer)

① HUF $\xrightarrow[\text{Disposal}]{\text{Asset}}$ members
~~Transfer~~

② Gift / (Ind/HUF) $\xrightarrow{\text{Will/Inheritance}}$ ~~Transfer~~ / ~~Capital Gain~~

③ Holding Co. $\xrightarrow[\text{Capital Gain}]{\text{Transfer}}$ 100% Sub Co.



FVOC	72,00,000
- Int exp	0
	72,00,000
- ICOA	18,15,000
$500,000 \times \frac{363}{100}$	LTCG 53,85,000

Date:

In case of following transaction capital Gain is NOT applicable

- ① distribution of capital asset by HUF to member on partition
- ② transfer of capital asset by ind/HUF under gift / will / inheritance.

Exception :-

If shares quoted under ESOPs gifted to some one then it is treated as transfer and Capital Gain applicable. For Compⁿ of Capital Gain FMV as on date of gift is treated as FVOC

- ③ Transfer of capital asset by Ho.co to 100% Sub.co and Sub.co should be Indian company.
- ④ Transfer of capital asset by 100% Subsidiary co to Holding co. & Holding co. should be Indian Company

In above cases,

i) COA = cost to previous owner (sec 49(1))

ii) COI = incurred by previous owner as well as present owner shall be considered.

iii) Period of Holding :- POH of previous owner as well as present owner shall be considered

Index of year of transfer

vi) I(COA) :- COA X $\frac{\text{Index of year of transfer}}{\text{Index of year in}}$

(trs Before 23/7/24)

which previous owner

Acq. Asset.

monjula J.
law : Shah Bom He

V) benefit of FMV : as on 1/4/2001 available

Q16. Page No. 87

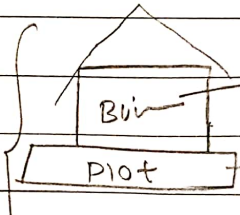
MR. Dimesh

(PY 24-25, AY 25-26)

Computation of Capital Gain

	₹
FVOC : SP = 55,00,000	65,00,000
65,00,000	
(As per SO C, since SPV > 10%, & Consider SO SPV is treated as FVOC)	
- Transfer exp	-
Net Consideration	65,00,000.
- Cost of Acq.	
Plot (Previous owner)	(7,00,000)
Building	(15,00,000)
- COI	(5,00,000)
LTCG	38,00,000.

eg
Sale on 10/12/24
SP 50,00,000


 py 23-24
700,000 cost
Plot py 12-13
cost :- 500,000

1 P
30 lakh
- 5 lakh
25 lakh
LTCG

4 B
20 lakh
- 7 lakh
13 lakh
LTCG

Q17) Page No. 87

MR. Dee

(PY24-25 AY25-26)

Computation of Capital Gain

FVOC	2200,000
- Transfer exp	Nil
NC	22,00,000
- COA (Cost to previous owner)	
i) Actual cost 65000	650000
ii) a) FMV on 1/4/2001 270000	
b) SD on 1/4/2001 290000	270000
	(270000)
- COI	
MR Kay	(235000)
LTCG	1695000

Note : 1

As per sec 51 Advance money forfeited by Present owner (assessee) before 1/04/2014 shall reduce from From cost of A/c. In the present question Advance money forfeited by previous owner Mr. Kay shall not be reduced.

Note 2: In above que index benefit is not available because transfer took place on or after 23rd July 2024. as per Sec 112 in case of resident individual (immovable property) while calculating tax liability assessee has option to pay tax 20% with indexation or 12.5% without indexation.

Q 18)

Page No 87

MR X

(PY 24-25 AY 25-26)

Computation of Capital Gain

	₹
FVOC	5800,000
- ICOA	
i) cost	525000
ii) a) FMV on 11/4/2014 1190000	1190000
b) SDV 1290000	
	$1190000 \times \frac{343}{100} = 417500$
LTCG	1625500

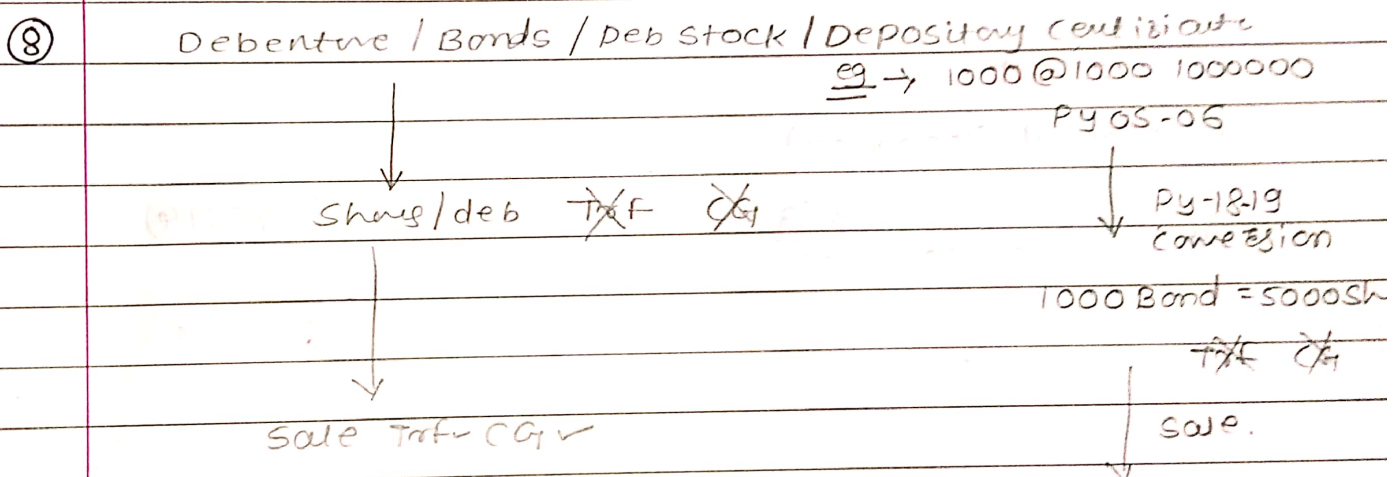
Note 1 :

As per Advance money Forfeited by Present owner (Assessee) before 11/04/2014 Shall reduced from cost of A/c. In the present question Advance money forfeited by previous owner. MR. X (1190000 - 40000)

Note 2: In the above question benefit of indexation is available because asset sale before 23/07/2024

under special case 3

- ⑤ Capital asset transferred by amalgamating Co. to amalgamated Co. in Scheme of amalgamation and amalgamated Co. is a Indian Company.
- ⑥ Shareholder transfer share of Amalgamating Co. and received share of amalgamated Co. is not treated as transfer.
- ⑦ Capital asset transferred by demerged company to resulting Co. & resulting Co. is a Indian Co.



- conversion of bonds / Debentures / Depositary Certificate into shares or debentures of that Company

- ⑨ Conversion of pref. shares into eq share of that Company
eg Mr. A purchase 1000 pref. shares of BB Ltd @ 100 per share on 16/7/2002. During the PY 18-19, pref shares were converted into eq share of Ankush received 1500 eq share (FV 10/-). on 16/07/2024 he sold all the eq shares @ 650 / per share Compute capital Gain

solⁿ

a) A) Conversion of pref share in eq share is not treated as transfer so in PY18-19 Capital Gain is not Applicable

(PY24-25 AY25-26)

b) Computation of Capital gain on eq share.

(1500 X 650)

975000

NC

975000

- JCOA

pref. SH (1000 X 100)

100000 X $\frac{363}{105}$

(345714)

629286